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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/023,673	12/17/2001	Hong Chen	MPI2000-433CP1(M)	6932
75	590 03/22/2004		EXAMINER	
Jean M. Silveri			MURPHY, JOSEPH F	
Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc. 75 Sidney Street			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Cambridge, M			1646	

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/023,673	CHEN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Joseph F Murphy	1646			
The MAILING DATE of this communication		th the correspondence address			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meaned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a manager in the statutory minimum of thirt riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed by (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	7 December 2001.				
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo		ers, prosecution as to the merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice und	•	-			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the applicat	ion.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	,				
8) Claim(s) 1-25 are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor		• • •			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 U.S.C. &	. 119(a)-(d) or (f)			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	and priority under oo o.o.o. 3	110(4) (4) 51 (1).			
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received				
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		nnlication No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p					
application from the International Bur		received in this National Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		received.			
	The second secon				
Attack as south					
Attachment(s)	лП., · · ·	(DTO 442)			
I)		ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date		formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-4, 6, 11-17, drawn to a method of identifying a compound which modulates NT 69 expression, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- II. Claims 1-3, 5-17, drawn to a method of identifying a compound which modulatesNT69 protein activity, classified in class 435, subclass 7.2.
- III. Claims 18-22, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition, classified in, for example class 530, subclass 387.1.
- IV. Claims 23-24, drawn to a transgenic animal, classified in class 800, subclass 8.
- V. Claim 25, drawn to a kit comprising an NT69 nucleic acid molecule, classified in class 536, subclass 23.5.
- VI. Claim 25, drawn to a kit comprising an NT69 polypeptide, classified in class 530, subclass 350.
- VII. Claim 25, drawn to a kit comprising cells expressing an NT69 polypeptide, classified in class 435, subclass 325.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are independent and distinct, each from the other, because the methods are practiced with materially different starting materials, have materially different process steps, and are for materially different purposes. Here, the methods are distinct because the method of identifying a compound which modulates expression of the protein will be a different method than a method of identifying a protein which modulates protein function.

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Inventions III-VII are independent and distinct, each from the other, because they are products which possess characteristic differences in structure and function, and each has an independent use, that is distinct for each invention which cannot be exchanged. The pharmaceutical composition, nucleic acids, proteins, cells, and transgenic animals are distinct because their structures and modes of action are different, which require non-coextensive searches.

Inventions VII is related as product and process of use to invention II. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the cells expressing the NT69 polypeptide can be used in a method of producing the protein.

Inventions VI and II are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the NT69 polypeptide can be used in a method of producing antibodies.

Inventions V and I are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP

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§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the NT69 nucleic acids can be used in a method of hybridization.

Inventions III and I-II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not capable of use together.

Invention IV is related as product and process of use to inventions I-II. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the transgenic animal can be used in a method of producing the protein.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

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application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the

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product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Advisory Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph Murphy whose telephone number is (571) 272-0877. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 7:30 am to 5:00 pm. A message may be left on the examiner's voice mail service. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler can be reached on (571) 272-0871.

The fax number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Joseph F. Murphy, Ph. D.

Patent Examiner Art Unit 1646 March 17, 2004